

## NMHS Fellowship Guidelines and Broad Thematic Areas (BTAs)

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### A. General Guidelines:

1. The Institutions/organization already awarded fellowships in 2017-18 will not be considered for fellowships in current year.
2. Special focus will be on unrepresented IHR states especially the North-eastern Himalaya, so preference will be given to the Fellowship proposals from such areas.

### B. Indicative list of identified Thematic Areas of Work (TAW) to be covered under NMHS Fellowships.

#### 1. Water Resource Management

- **Water Security through rejuvenation of springs and catchments;**
  - Developing methodologies and templates on inventorization and rejuvenation of the natural springs in the Himalayan Watersheds towards increasing the water availability at watershed scale;
  - Technology standardization for water harvesting and thus improving the efficacy of water availability round the year;
- **Study of Hydropower Development in the IHR;**
  - Creating new database on hydropower potential and carrying capacity assessment of the Hydropower in IHR basins;
  - Methods of cumulative/strategic impact assessment of hydropower at basin scale
- **Assessment of water-induced hazards;**
  - Monitoring and modeling for prediction of hazards, i.e. inundation, flashfloods and landslides;
  - Development of early warning systems

#### 2. Livelihood Options and Employment Generation

- **Promoting Bio-resource Planning for Rural Development;**
  - Digital database and model generation on the Himalayan resource status, availability and use-patterns;
  - Testing field models for bio-resources management plan at the Himalayan village ecosystem level including integrated eco-restoration models for degraded wasteland;
  - Carrying Capacity studies on eco-tourism opportunities in the Himalayan ecosystem;
- **Up-scaling tested eco-friendly economic activities for improved livelihoods and employment generation;**
  - Adoption/adaptation studies of tested farming options/ technologies for improved livelihood and rural employment generation;
- **Database Development on Himalayan Indigenous Knowledge Systems (IKS);**
  - Operational database on the Himalayan Indigenous Knowledge System;
  - Digital Library on the Himalayan IKS;
- **Technology development and backstopping;**
  - Development of appropriate rural technologies for income generation.

### **3. Biodiversity Conservation and Management**

- **Mountain Biodiversity Database and Information System (MBDIS);**
  - Formation of Mountain Biodiversity Database and Information System;
  - Establishment of Mountain Biodiversity Network in association with State Biodiversity Boards (SBB);
- **Assessment of ecosystem health and harnessing potential for overall development by involving SBB and BRs in IHR;**
  - Creation of ecosystem integrity profiles for critical Himalayan ecosystems;
  - New assessment, evaluation and development approaches for ecosystem health and services;
- **Promoting recovery of threatened species by involving state and institutional partners;**
  - Establishment of field based recovery models of threatened Himalayan species particularly in the degraded ecosystem across the IHR;
- **Up-scaling outreach through conservation education;**
  - Sensitization/motivation of educational Institutions on nature learning

### **4. Skill Development and Capacity Building**

- **Creation of different delivery systems of appropriate rural technologies through skill enhancement;**
  - Increased, improved and alternative livelihood options for farmers, particularly for marginal, BPL ones and other weaker sections of the Himalayan society in different states;
- **Land management practices for improved livelihoods;**
  - Adoption/ adaptation of tested options/ technologies for improved livelihood in the IHR;
- **Documenting and valuing traditional ecological, ecological knowledge and practices;**
  - Validation and promotion of Himalayan Indigenous Knowledge System (IKS);
  - Exploring the possibilities for Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) on selected IKS.

### **5. Infrastructure Development**

- Options for Ideal and safe Himalayan Habitat
- Assessment of technical and financial viability.

### **6. Physical connectivity**

- Options for all weather connectivity for improving accessibility
- Financial viability assessment for such projects

### **7. Handling of hazardous substance**

- Identification and quantification of hazardous materials used in IHR context
- Safe transport, storage and handling of Hazardous material in Himalaya and its financial viability